

VI.—*Description of a new species of Cetoniidæ.*—

By JAMES WOOD-MASON.

(Read Jan. 5th, 1876.)

Sub-fam. *GOLIATHINÆ*.

HETERORHINA ROEPSTORFFII.

P. A. S. B., 1876, p. 4.

*Tota nigra, nitida; clypeo ut in H. Childrenii; elytris singulis macula parva subquadrata vel subovata alba.*

*Long. tota maris unic., 15 mm.; fœm. 15½ mm.*

Wholly black, shining, somewhat attenuated; clypeus as in *H. Childrenii*; a small subquadrate or subovate spot—dirty straw-coloured in the dead but brilliant white in the living insect—occupies about the second fourth of the length and the external or anterior two-thirds of the breadth of each elytron. The fore tibiæ are subbidentate in the female, and the abdomen of the male is longitudinally channeled below.

The species belongs to the same little group as *HH. bimacula*, *confusa*, *Cuvera*, and *Childrenii*, from all of which it differs in being wholly black, no part of its body being coloured blood-red as in those species, in its slenderer and more attenuated form, and in the smaller size of the patches on the elytra; but it agrees with the last-named in the structure of the clypeus and in the form of the mesosternal process.

In slenderness of body, *H. Roepstorffii* somewhat approaches *H. modesta*, Wallace—a species belonging to a different section of the genus.

HAB.—South Andaman, where it was collected by Mr. F. A. de Roepstorff.

